TREATISE

Burgie _ PARTLY /_1_ 28.

THEOLOGICAL,

And Partly

POLITICAL,

Containing fome few

DISCOURSES,

To prove

That the Liberty of PHILOSOPHIZING (that is Making Use of Natural Reason) may be allowed without any Prejudice to Piety, or to the Peace of any Commonwealth.

And that

The Loss of Public Peace and Religion itself must necessarily follow, where such a Liberty of Reasoning is taken away.

Hereby know we, that we dwell in God, and God in us, because he hath given us of his Spirit. I John, iv. 13.

Translated from the Latin of SPINOZA.

LONDON:

Printed in the Year 1737. And Sold by the BOOKSELLERS of London and Westminster.

alque LHE ment that

hers benfe end Meaning.

TRANSLATOR

TO THE

can't the Crape Gown and the

READER.

I HE Gentleman that turn'd the following Treatife Written Originally
in Latin into English, did it at spare
Hours, only to divert and please himself,
and therefore cares not who is displeased
with his having done it. There are certainly some, who will pass very severe
Censures upon this Treatise; but that will
not at all concern the Translator, who is
not bound to make good the Authors OpiniA 3
ons,

The Translator to the Reader.

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ons, being only obliged to justify, that the Version bath truly and faithfully (tho not every where Word for Word) render'd the Authors Sense and Meaning. Religion and Government being the Subject Matter of the Book, 'tis easy to guess what Sort of Men are like to decry it; but let those who are angry and find fault with it answer it; In the mean time the Crape Gown and the Long Robe are both defied to prove there are any Tenets in the whole Treatise, half so dangerous or destructive to the Peace and Welfare of human Society, as those Doctrins and Maxims are, which have of late Years been broached by time-serving Churchmen and Mercenary Lawyers; for which they justly deserve the hatred and contempt of all Mankind. Nothing more needs be faid to any Reader, than to desire he will deliberately read the Book twice over, before be condemn or commend it, when that is done, whether he like or dislike the Treatise it self, or the Translation of it, shall be all one to him, who never valued

The Translator to the Reader.

lued himself upon other Peoples Opinions, nor did ever think any part of his Reputation depended upon the Judgment of Fools or Knaves.

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